

“Zechariah’s 8 Visions” Zechariah 1-6

Zechariah is the _____ of the Minor Prophets with 14 chapters and 211 verses. It contains more references to the _____ than any other prophetic book except Isaiah. The visions God gives to Zechariah describe the _____ and blessings God has prepared for His people.

Zechariah prophesied _____ the Babylonian captivity. He joined with Haggai to encourage the people to rebuild the _____.

1. A Man on a _____ Horse. 1:7-17

The “man” is later described as “the _____ of the Lord” who is _____ in pre-incarnate form.

2. 4 _____ and 4 Craftsmen. 1:18-21

The 4 horns represent 4 _____ that ruled over Israel. These countries were identified by Daniel as Babylon, Medo-Persia, _____ and Rome. The craftsmen represent the nations God will use to _____ those 4 kingdoms.

3. A Man with a _____ Line. 2:1-13

The man plans to measure the city of _____. Since the city had no _____ at that time, God says He will be a wall of _____ around them.

4. The _____ of the High Priest. 3:1-10

Joshua the _____ priest stands before the Lord and _____ stands on his right side to accuse him. The angel of the Lord stands up in Joshua’s _____.

Joshua symbolizes the people of _____ in Zechariah’s day and also symbolizes _____ today.

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5. The _____ Lampstand and 2 Olive Trees. 4:1-14

The lampstand represents the nation of Israel which was called by God to share His _____ with the world. The source of light was _____ which represents the Holy Spirit.

The 2 olive trees represent 2 national leaders - Joshua the high priest & Zerubbabel the _____.

6. The Flying _____. 5:1-4

Zechariah sees a _____ scroll that was unrolled and large in size so that everyone could _____ it. 2 specific sins are mentioned by name on the scroll - _____ and swearing.

7. A _____ in a Basket. 5:5-11

Zechariah saw a vision of a bushel basked which represented the _____ of the people. Inside the basket sat a woman, a symbol of the sin of _____. The basket was picked up and transported to _____.

8. The _____ Chariots. 6:1-8

The 4 chariots are a symbol of _____. The chariots were driven by _____ who were sent by God to judge the earth.

At the close of chapter ____, Joshua the High Priest was temporarily given a crown of gold and silver. The crowing of Joshua symbolizes that one day the Messiah will be crowned. Like Joshua, the Messiah will help _____ the temple and will serve as both priest and king.

The crown was removed from Joshua's _____ and placed in the temple as a reminder that one day the Messiah –its rightful owner- would come.

Judgment Rebuild 6 Horns Fire Woman Angels Satan
Greece Cleansing Jesus Oil Walls Flying Head Gold
After Stealing Red Measuring Hope Israel Defeat Messiah
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